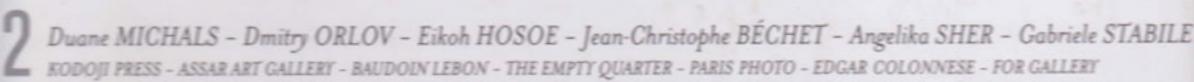
ARIATIO ACTOGRAPHY. MUSEUMS & galleries





Assar Art Gallery Teheran, Iran

Assar Art Gallery opened its doors on October 27, 1999.

Today, after 10 years of activity, the gallery is managed by the Tarh Naghsh Assar Corporation. The current board of directors includes Omid Tehrani, Simin Dehghani and Maryam Majd. The gallery showcases works by established and upcoming talent and currently specializes in painting, photography and sculpture. Although we are based in Iran, we have a global outlook that encompasses the entire world of art and we welcome new collaborations.

Interview with Samira Alikhanzadeh

Why do you use photographs in your work? In modern art, there are no limitations in using different elements to create a work of art. The main theme of my work is human beings and in capturing the

human face, photography has a direct expressive and narrative quality. It is a multidimensional medium with many aspects yet to be discovered. The experience of combining a photographed image with other materials is a means to pursue further visual possibilities. The use of photographs in my work is only the starting point. What kind of photographs do you usually select? Up to now, they have always been old photographs but not as old as the history of photography itself. These photographs depict the faces of women at the dawn of modernity in Iran, when many of them went to studios to have their portraits taken professionally. The mood of these photographs and the fact that they belong to the past, in my opinion, erase both their normal and photojournalistic qualities, rendering them timeless. Hence the theme of "ceasing to exist" finds meaning with the certainty of knowing the subjects are dead. My decision, so far, to only use photographs of women is a strictly aesthetic choice, although there might be other reasons. Perhaps one day I will use images of men, too. What role do mirrors play in your work? The use of both mirrors and photographs took place simultaneously in my work. In portrait photography, the subject's gaze is usually directed at the camera or viewer. Mirrors placed above the eyes create a confrontation between viewers and subjects. It also allows viewers and their surroundings to penetrate the work. This raised mirror work with its magical and mysterious effect used extensively in traditional Iranian architecture present other aspects of seeing and not being seen and of being and ceasing to be.



Samira Alikhanzadeh Playful Girl, 2008 found photograph, scanned and digitally printed on wooden board, hand colored and applied with mirror fragments 100 x 100 cm Edition of 3

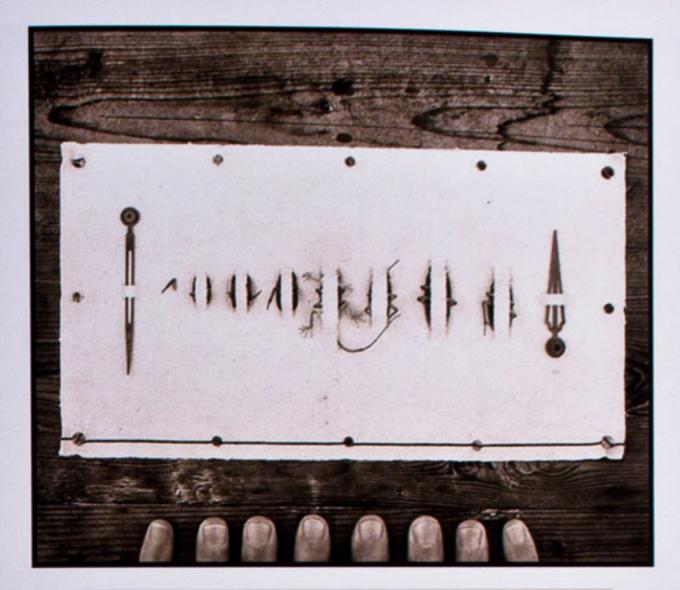




Samira Alikhanzadeh

acrylic & mirror fragments on printed board 70 x 100 cm Edition of 3

Sadegh Tirafkan #3 Multitude, 2008 digital photocollage, print on rc paper 75 x 112 cm Edition of 6





Mahboube Karamli Untitled, 2008 analogue photography, medium format, digital print 75 x 60 cm Edition of 10







Meysam Mohammadi Mahfouz Untitled, 2003 analogue photography, small format, digital print diptych, 30 x 40 cm each frame Edition of 5





Nima Alizadeh

Untitled, 2007

analogue photography,
medium format, digital print
IIO x I4O cm Edition of 7

Saba Alizadeh

Untitled, 2009
positive film, c41 development
(cross process)
54.8 x 66.8 cm Edition of 10